

COMPREHENSIVE EXPLORATION OF FRAGMENT CHEMISTRY SPACE: AN FBLD APPROACH TO INHIBITORS OF SGK1

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FBLD AT BIOBLOCKS

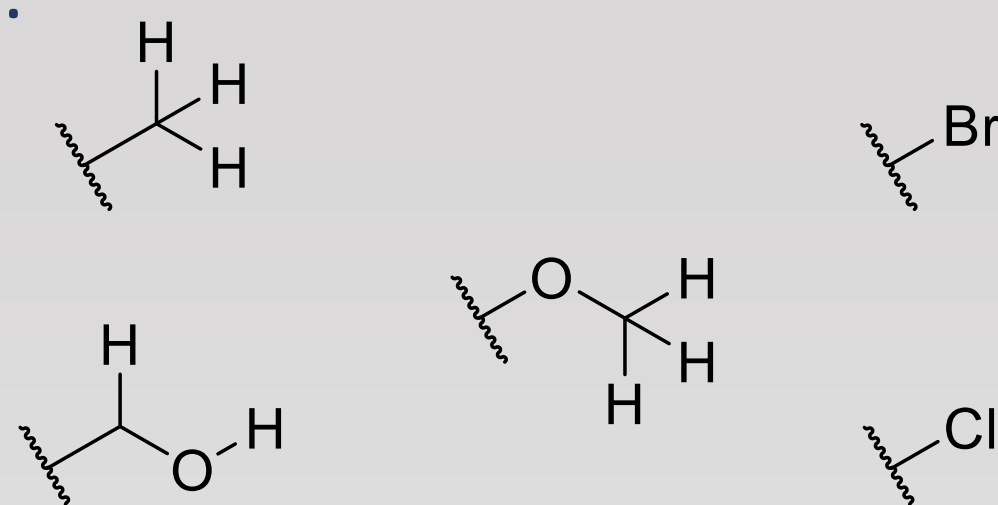
The Comprehensive Fragment Library (CFL) is a set of small, rigid, medicinally interesting fragments. This library originates from a starting set of >3 million potentially synthesizable virtual fragments designed from first principles and is 3D enabled to maximize exploration of target interactions. Extensive clustering analysis allows broad coverage of chemistry space and provides an immediate follow-up strategy from any screening hit.

BUILDING THE VIRTUAL FRAGMENT SET

An exhaustive set of ring structures containing ≤ 18 heavy atoms with 1 handle atom was built in BIOVIA Pipeline Pilot with several inclusion criteria:

- ≥ 1 ring, including bridged, spiro and fused ring connections
- ≤ 3 unique rings
- ≤ 2 rotatable bonds
- C,N,S,O atoms only
- ≤ 2 ring assemblies
- 1 atom has all rotatable bonds
- ≤ 1 S

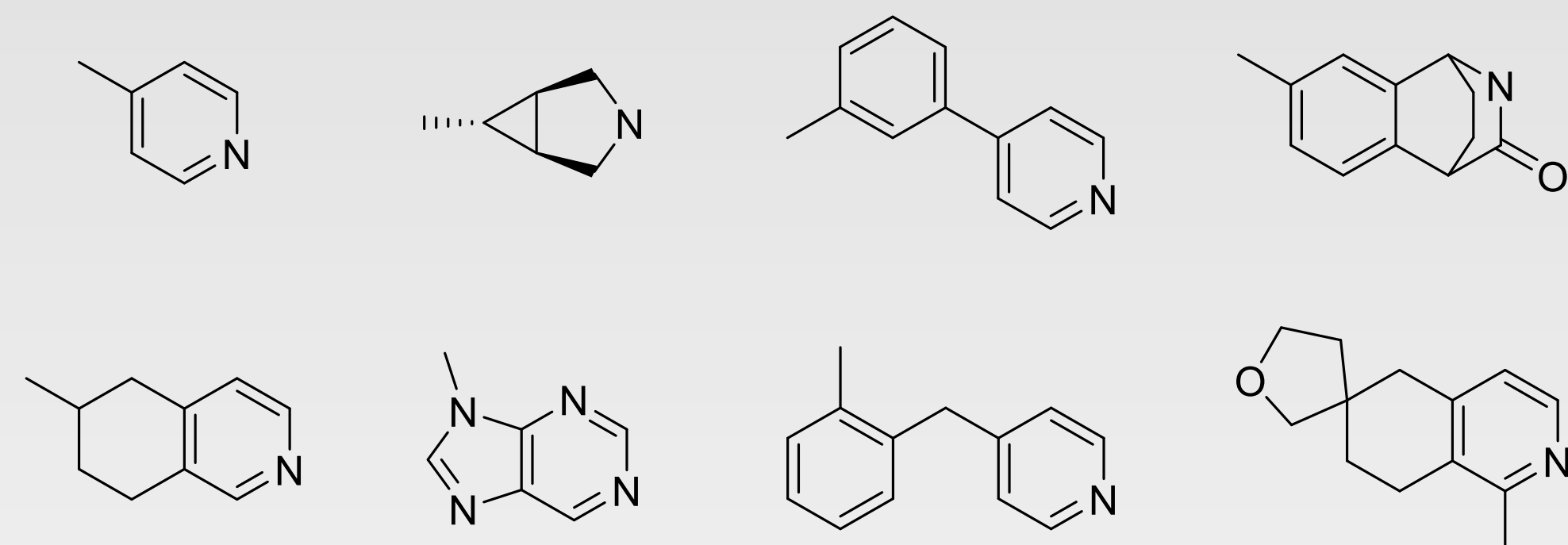
Core structures are decorated with neutral, extendable handles chosen for synthesis potential:



The raw set of > 50 million structures with Me handles was filtered by medicinal chemistry criteria to produce a 7 million candidate fragment set

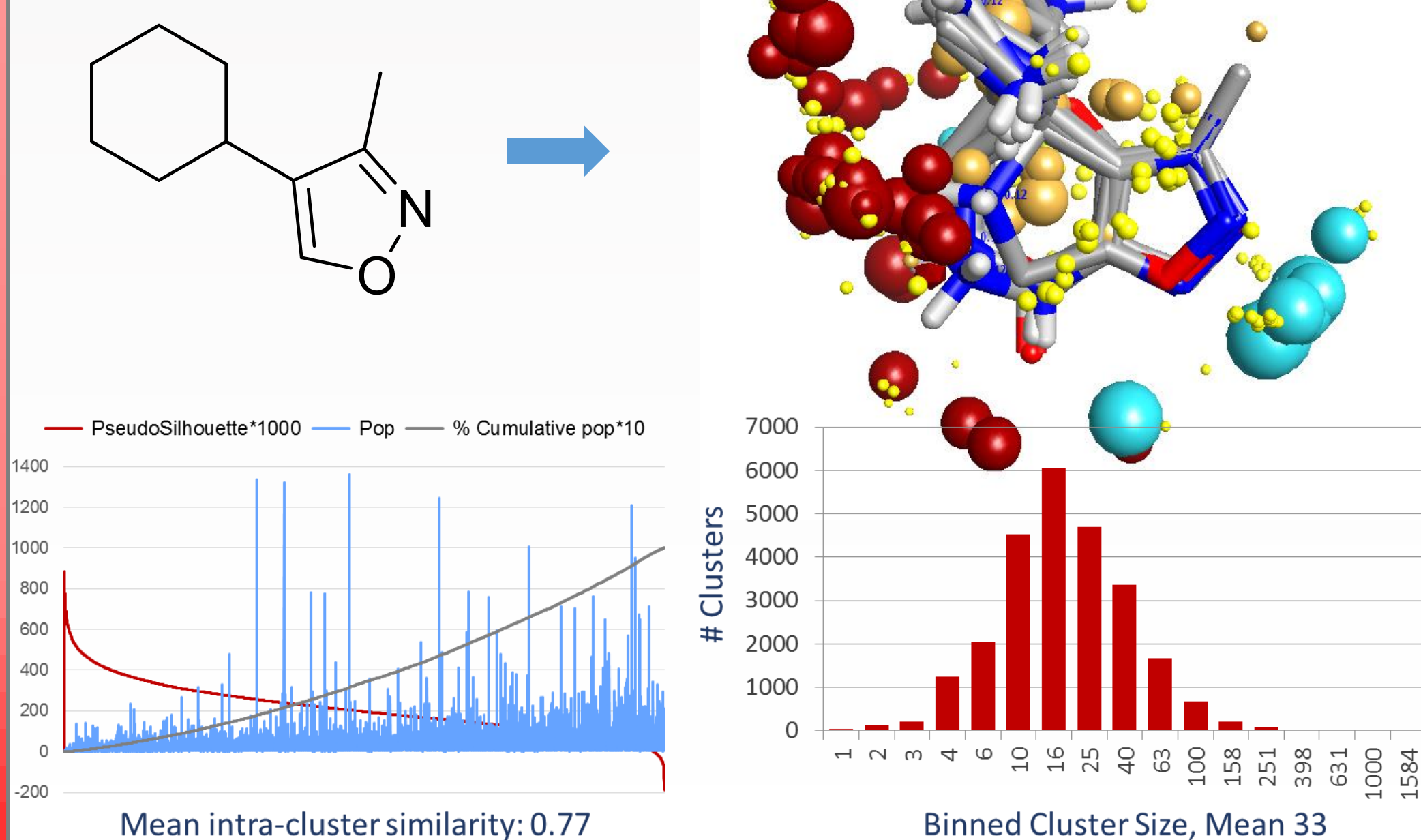
Example CFL Fragments

Rigid, partially aromatic structures are the highest value 3D enabling subset



A high value 580k subset of 2D structures was selected from the raw set
Generated 830k diastereomers for 3D similarity clustering
High quality clusters enable immediate analoging from a screening hit
Entry points to Syntheseverse™ virtual library generation

Representative Cluster
One compound suggests multiple related cores and substitution patterns for rapid SAR investigation



SGK1 IS AN EMERGING ONCOLOGY TARGET



Serum and glucocorticoid-regulated kinase 1 (SGK1) has been identified as a pro-survival, anti-apoptotic kinase that is overexpressed in multiple cancer types. SGK1 is a PDK1-dependent AGC kinase downstream of PI3K signaling¹. This pathway is known to drive invasiveness, motility and the epithelial to mesenchymal transition (EMT). While the full range of SGK1 substrates is not yet defined, it shares some substrates with AKT and can serve as a substitute in relevant signaling pathways. SGK1 has been reported to be upregulated in multiple AKT inhibitor-resistant cell lines, particularly triple-negative breast cancer cells³.

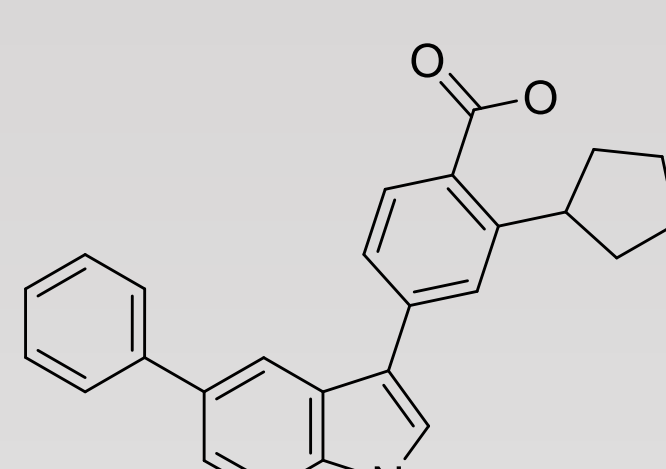
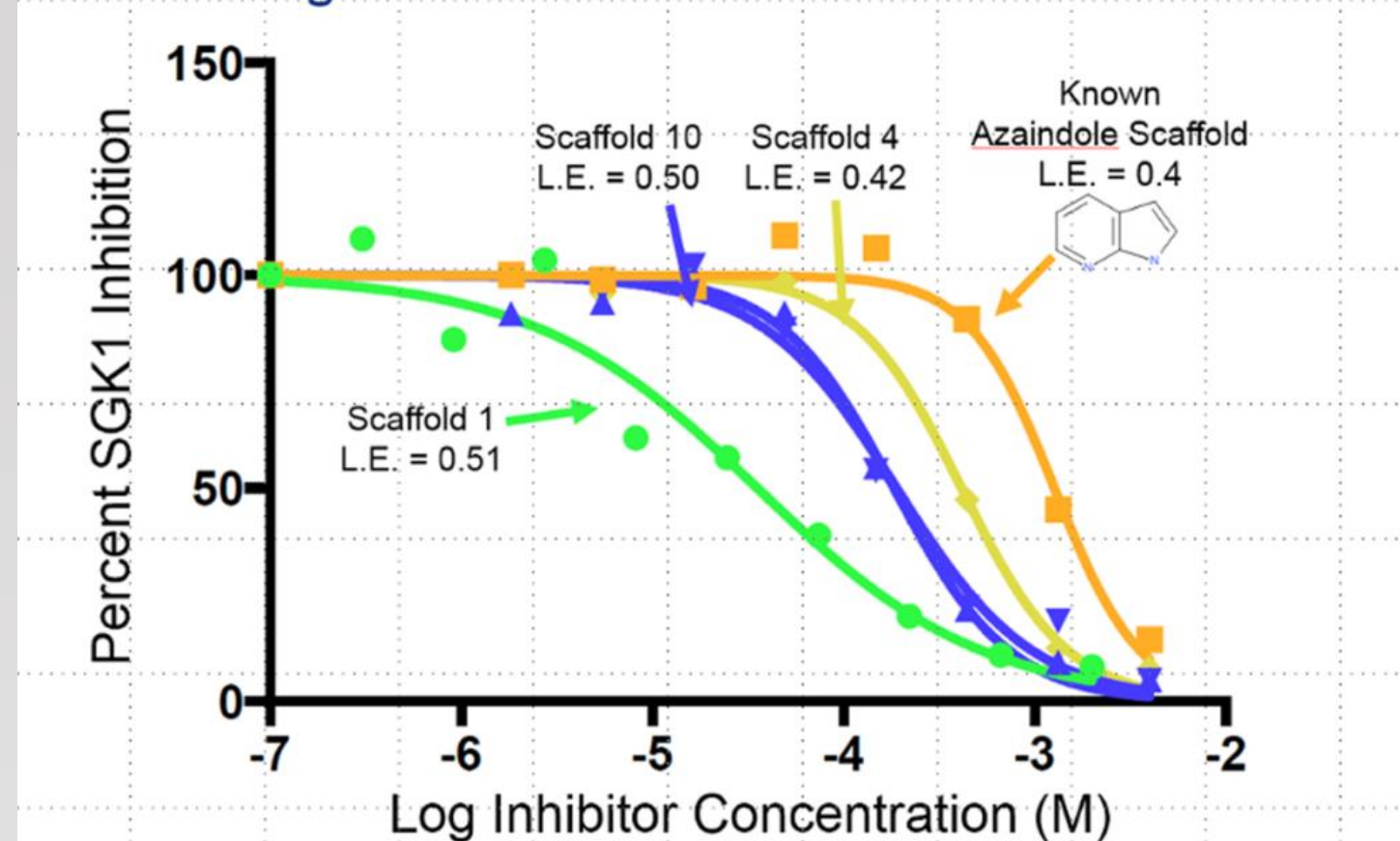
While inhibitors of SGK1 are expected to have application for a range of oncology indications, compounds reported to date have lacked the drug-like properties required for *in vivo* target validation. We employed a fragment-based lead discovery approach using our proprietary Leap-to-Lead™ platform to identify novel compounds suitable for use as tool compounds and possible future development.

FRAGMENT SCREENING AND ANALOGING

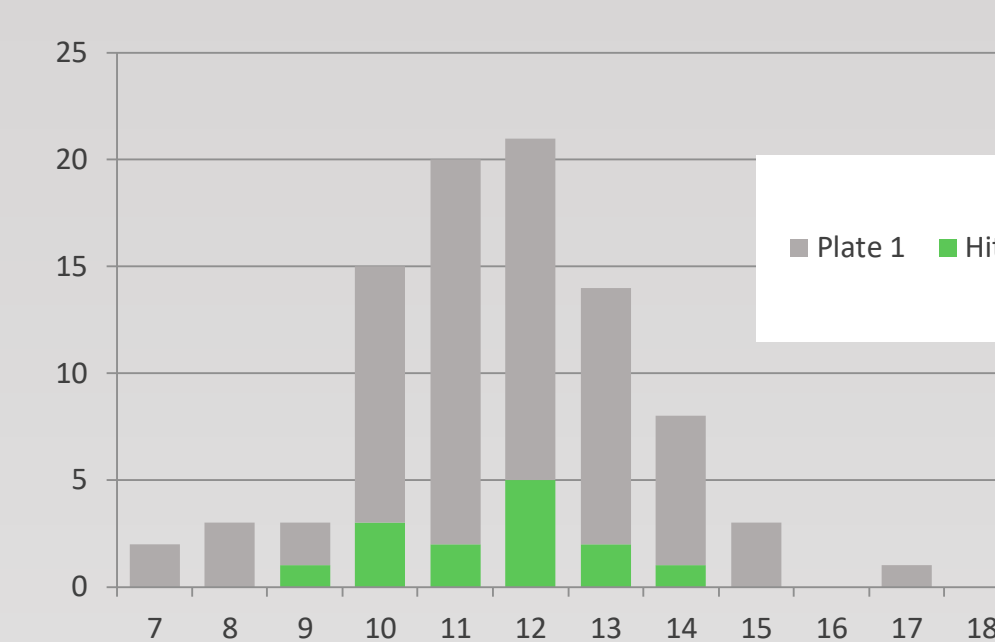
Fragments were screened at 2 mM in a high concentration kinase inhibition assay

Primary hits were followed up with IC₅₀ determinations

Hit More Ligand Efficient Than Known Inhibitor Scaffold

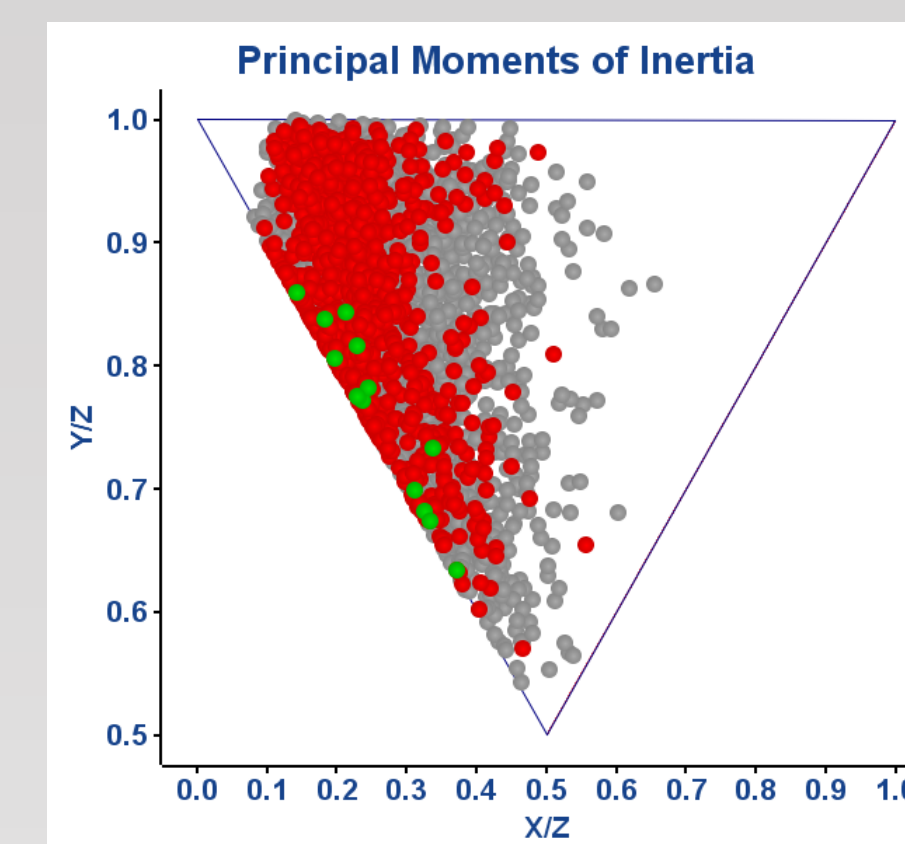


GSK650394
Standard Compound



Heavy Atoms
Plate 1 Screened

- 14 hits, 36% contain 3D character
- Mean IC₅₀ 400 μ M (50-2000)



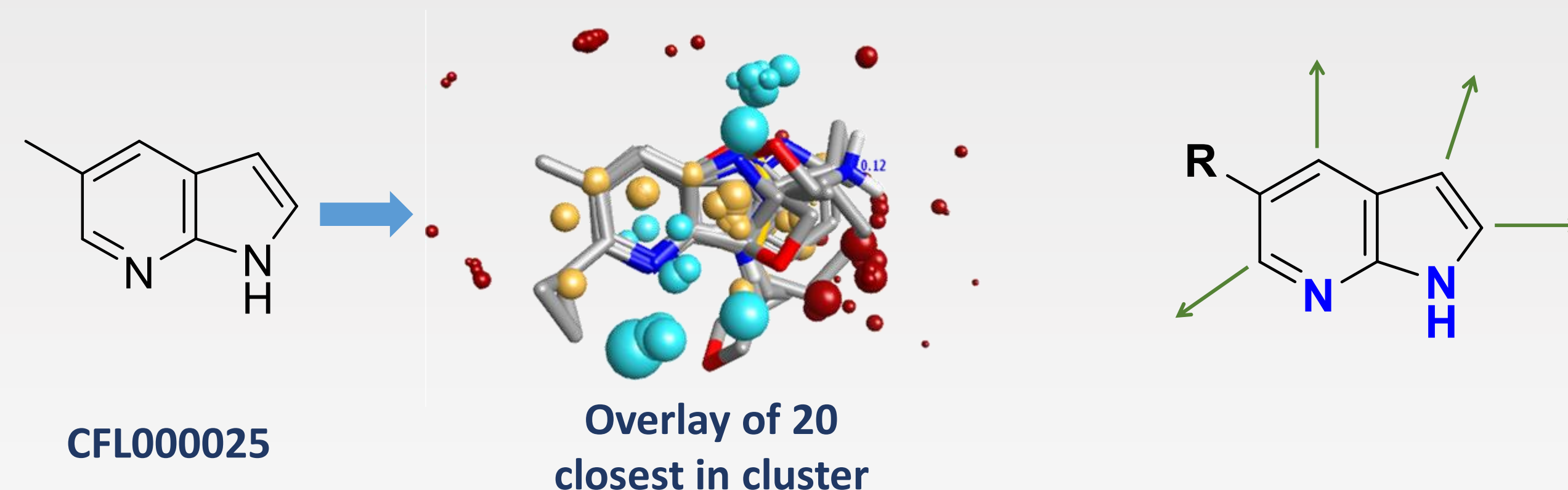
3D Cluster Coverage⁴

- 14 hit clusters, 83% contain 3D
- 2500 CFL structures
- Covers valuable 3D space

Representative Hit

Serves as a positive control for kinases

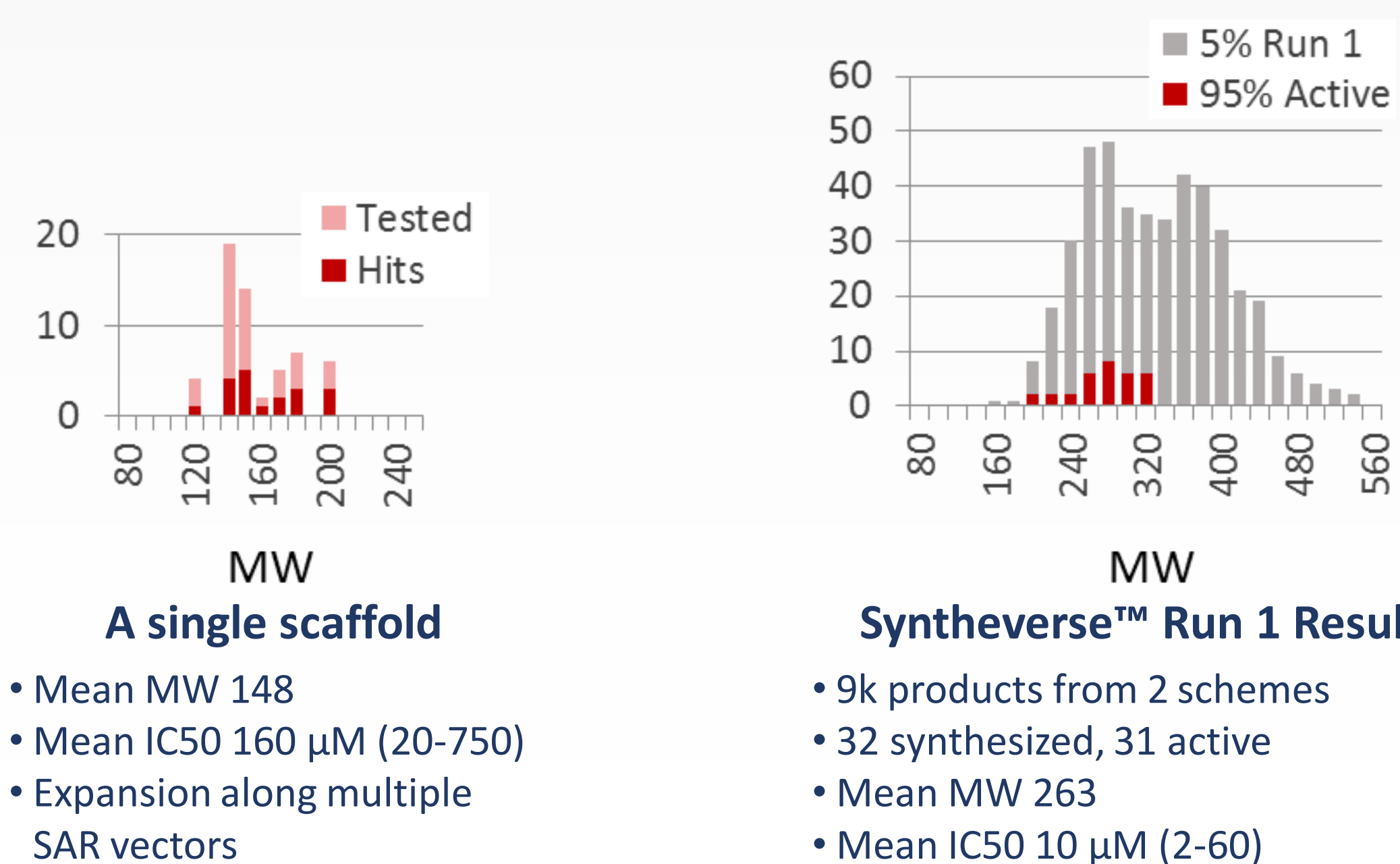
Putative hinge binder motif enables fragment SAR interpretation



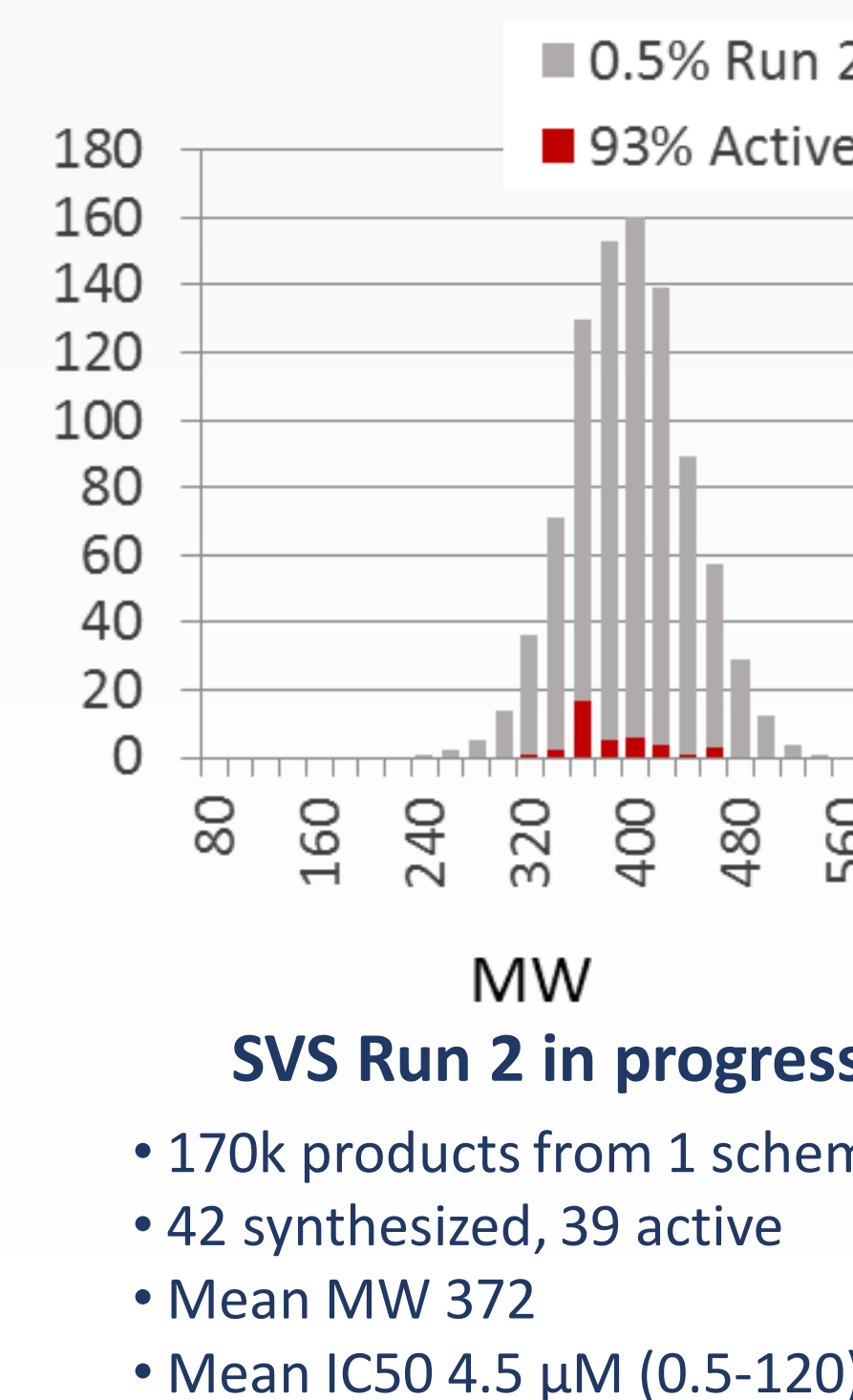
CFL000025

Overlay of 20 closest in cluster

Leap-to-Lead™ analoging enabled rapid exploration of alternate cores and handle vectors
Explored Syntheseverse™ chemistry space for readily synthesizable information-rich analogs
Syntheseverse™ virtual expansion combined with BindingSIGHTS™ modeling provided steady improvement towards a Lead series



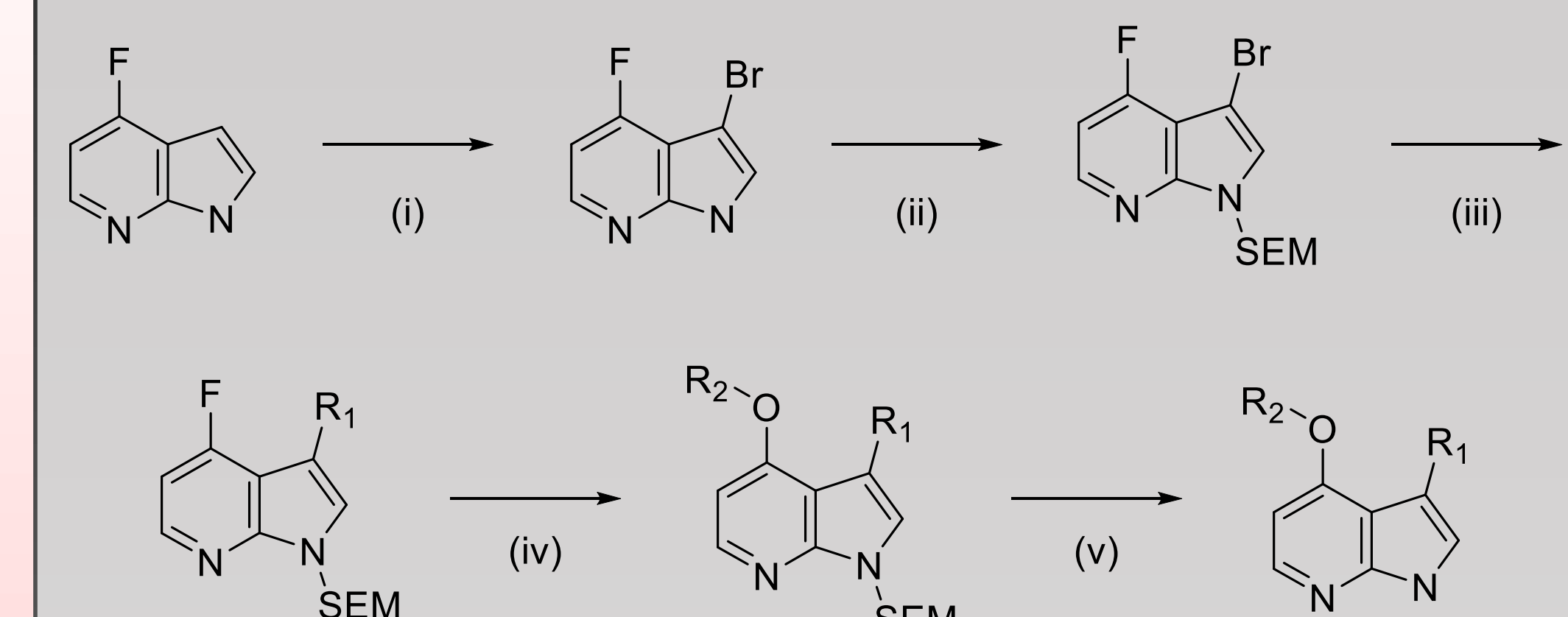
Independent Analogs	CFL000025	14 Fragment Hits
Handle Analogs	10	196
Handle Vectors	4	67
Same 2D Scaffold	37	2181
Same HBond Pattern	274	27370
Same 3D Cluster	47	1374
Total CFL Compounds	873	37984
% Unique to Compound	100%	80%



FRAGMENT HIT-TO-LEAD CHEMISTRY

Initial fragment hit series progressed to medicinal chemistry

Expansion along key SAR vectors required new chemistry development
3,4-Disubstituted 7-azaindoles surprisingly underrepresented in the literature



Reagents and conditions:
(i) NBS, DMF, RT, 16 h, 89%
(ii) SEM-Cl, NaH, DMF, 0 °C, 2 h, 85%
(iii) Arylboronic acid, PdCl₂(dppf), 2M K₂CO₃, 1,4-dioxane, 100 °C, 2-3 h, 56-84%
(iv) R₂OH, NaH, DMSO, RT, 30 min, 58-95%
(v) 1. 6M HCl, 1,4-dioxane, 50 °C, 16-20 h
2. 5N NaOH, RT, 30 min, 70-90%

N-Alkylation activates 4-position for S_NAr reactivity under mild conditions
Optimized route enables rapid diversification along key SAR vectors and among potential selectivity groups
Enhanced novelty led to provisional filing

LEADING COMPOUNDS

Compound	IC ₅₀ (μ M)	ClogP	MW (# HA)	LE	Cell EC ₅₀ (μ M)	Caco-2 P _{app,A-B} (ratio)
GSK650394	0.10	5.5	382 (29)	0.34	5	1.8 (3.8)
A	9.8	2.0	301 (21)	0.34	10	66 (0.6)
B	6.6	1.7	315 (22)	0.34	20	
C	0.62	0.7	345 (24)	0.37	>20	
D	0.43	1.5	428 (30)	0.30	10	

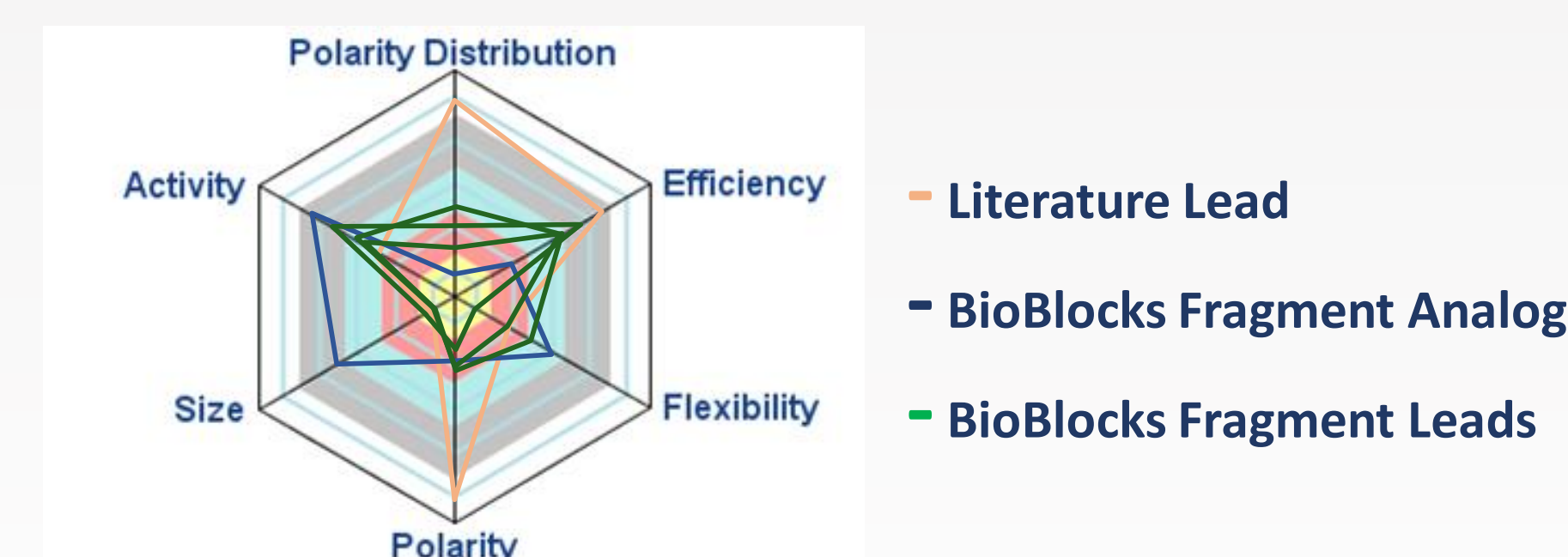
Comprehensive Fragment Library screening identified multiple chemotypes
First scaffold expanded through property-driven Leap-to-Lead™ analoging
Maintaining good ligand efficiency as heavy atom count increases

Cell potency achieved in thyroid cell line

Collaboration with Albert Einstein College of Medicine

Preliminary evidence of selectivity for SGK1

Substantially improved properties compared to literature lead



REFERENCES

- ¹Pearce, L.R.; Komander, D.; Alessi, D.R. *Nat. Rev. Mol. Cell Biol.*, **2010**, *11*, 9.
- ²Di Cristofano, A. *Current Topics in Developmental Biology*, **2017**, *123*, 49.
- ³Alessi, D. R. et al. *Biochem. J.*, **2013**, *452*, 499
- ⁴Metz, J.T. Principal Moments of Inertia Protocol, Pipeline Pilot Community.

CONTACT



BioBlocks is developing Leap-to-Lead™ for use in Lead Discovery Collaborations. While the CFL is not available for independent purchase, we welcome new collaborators. For additional information or to discuss using the CFL and the Leap-to-Lead™ platform in a drug discovery effort, please contact wwade@bioblocks.com or visit our website: www.bioblocks.com